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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/774,951	01/30/2001	Daniel Scott Jorgenson	10005474-I	5537	
7	590 07/15/2004	EXAMINER			
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			NALVEN, ANDREW L		
Intellectual Property Administration P.O. Box 272400 Fort Collins, CO 80527-2400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2134		

DATE MAILED: 07/15/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/774,951		JORGENSON, DANIEL SCOTT				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Andrew L Na	alven	2134				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status			,					
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 January 2001</u> .							
2a)	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
<ul> <li>4) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>								
Applicat	ion Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>22 May 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
2) Notice 3) Infor	ot(s)  ce of References Cited (PTO-892)  ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08  er No(s)/Mail Date	8)	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:  Preliminary A	ite	O-152)			

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. Claims 1-29 are pending.
- 2. Examiner calls attention to attached preliminary amendment submitted 7 May 2001. The amendment appears to be directed towards a different application and further appears to have originated from an attorney not cited in the record. The present office action is directed towards the original set of claims as presented on 30 January 2001.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1-8 and 12-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nakai et al US Patent No. 6,253,248. Nakai discloses an information processing apparatus.

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- 5. With regards to claims 1, 12 and 19, Nakai teaches one or more client computers connected to a global-area computer network (Nakai, column 3 lines 47-51, column 4 lines 48-54), a transport gateway computer connected to the global area computer network (Nakai, column 3 lines 53-59), a plurality of server computers connected to the transport gateway (Nakai, column 3 lines 51-52), a transport gateway computer program executable by the transport gateway with instructions for receiving a file transfer request from a client computer (Nakai, column 3 line 53 column 4 line 14), the selecting of a repository on one of the server computers based on one or more routing tokens in the file transfer request wherein the routing tokens include one or more attributes describing the file, the client computer, or an originator of the file transfer request (Nakai, column 3 line 53 column 4 line 14, column 5 lines 35-42, column 7 line 37- column 8 line 9), and performing the requested file transfer (Nakai, column 4 lines 10-14).
- 6. With regards to claims 2-3, 13-14, and 20-21, Nakai teaches the transport gateway computer program further comprising instructions for determining whether an originator of the file transfer request is verifiably known and authorized and to perform the requested file transfer (Nakai, column 13 lines 12-55).
- 7. With regards to claims 4, 15 and 22, Nakai teaches the file transfer request being received by the transport gateway from the requesting client computer using a first communication protocol (Nakai, column 5 lines 35-61) and the file transfer request is sent by the transport gateway to the selected repository using a second communication protocol (Nakai, column 6 lines 5-52).

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8. With regards to claims 5, 16 and 23, Nakai teaches the establishing of a communication path between the transport gateway computer and the selected repository and sending a corresponding file transfer request to the selected repository including information forward from the requesting client computer's file transfer request (Nakai, column 6 lines 5-26, column 4 lines 1-6).

- 9. With regards to claims 6, 17 and 24, Nakai teaches the relaying of the file content from the requesting client computer to the selected repository (Nakai, column 10 lines 47-65, Figure 8), receiving a corresponding file upload response from the selected repository (Nakai, column 11 lines 17-21), forwarding information in the file upload response to the requesting client computer, and terminating the communication path between the transport gateway computer and the selected repository (Nakai, column 11 lines 13-21).
- 10. With regards to claims 7, 18 and 25, Nakai teaches the receiving of the corresponding file download response from the selected repository (Nakai, column 8 lines 3-9), forwarding information in the file download response to the requesting client computer (Nakai, column 8 lines 3-9), relaying the file content from the selected repository to the requesting client computer, and terminating the communication path between the transport gateway computer and the selected repository (Nakai, column 8 lines 3-9 and 41-46).
- 11. With regards to claims 8 and 26, Nakai teaches the requesting client computer connecting to the transport gateway computer over the global-area computer network using an HTTP or HTTPS communication protocol () and the transport gateway

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computer connecting to the server computer storing the selected repository using an HTTP, HTTPS, or FTP protocol (Nakai, column 6 lines 5-45, column 9 lines 18-25).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. Claims 9-11 and 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakai et al US Patent No. 6,253,248 in view of Schloss US Patent No. 5,706,507. Schloss discloses a system for controlling access to data on a content server.
- 14. With regards to claims 9 and 27, Nakai fails to disclose the client computers connecting to the global-area computer network through a firewall and/or a proxy computer. Schloss teaches the client computers connecting to the global-area computer network through a firewall and/or a proxy computer (Schloss, column 4 lines 1-12). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Schloss' method of using firewalls or proxy servers with Nakai's information processing apparatus because it offers the advantage of allowing the fetching of information by any authorized user (Schloss, column 4 lines 1-21) from any cooperating computer on the Internet by simply clicking on a link (Schloss, column 1 lines 23-35).

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- 15. With regards to claims 10 and 28, Nakai fails to disclose the transport gateway computer connecting to the server computers through a firewall and/or a proxy computer. Schloss teaches the transport gateway computer connecting to the server computers through a firewall and/or a proxy computer (Schloss, column 4 lines 12-16). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Schloss' method of using firewalls or proxy servers with Nakai's information processing apparatus because it offers the advantage of allowing the fetching of information by any authorized user (Schloss, column 4 lines 1-21) from any cooperating computer on the Internet by simply clicking on a link (Schloss, column 1 lines 23-35).
- 16. With regards to claims 11 and 29, Nakai fails to disclose the global-area computer network connecting to the transport gateway computer through a firewall and/or a proxy computer. Schloss teaches disclose the global-area computer network connecting to the transport gateway computer through a firewall and/or a proxy computer (Schloss, column 4 lines 12-16). At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to utilize Schloss' method of using firewalls or proxy servers with Nakai's information processing apparatus because it offers the advantage of allowing the fetching of information by any authorized user (Schloss, column 4 lines 1-21) from any cooperating computer on the Internet by simply clicking on a link (Schloss, column 1 lines 23-35).

#### Conclusion

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17. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure.

18. Bakshi et al US Patent No. 6,345,300 discloses a method for detecting a user-

controlled parameter from a client device behind a proxy.

19. Lumelsky et al US Patent No. 6,463,454 discloses a method for integrated load

distribution and resource management on Internet environments.

20. Ura et al US Patent No. 6,708,200 discloses a communication system and

communication method.

21. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Andrew L Nalven whose telephone number is 703 305

8407. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 8-6, Alternate

Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gregory Morse can be reached on 703 308 4789. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

GREGORY MORSE

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Andrew Nalven